



Draft Revised Policy: Do Not Implement

Bevacizumab Products (Avastin[®]; Mvasi[®]; Zirabev[™]; Alymsys[®]; Vegzelma[™], Avzivi[®], Jobevne[™])

Some agents on this policy may require step therapy See "Step Therapy Requirements for Provider Administered Specialty Medications" Document at:

https://www.bcbst.com/docs/providers/Comm BC PAD Step Therapy Guide.pdf

IMPORTANT REMINDER

We develop Medical Policies to provide guidance to Members and Providers. This Medical Policy relates only to the services or supplies described in it. The existence of a Medical Policy is not an authorization, certification, explanation of benefits or a contract for the service (or supply) that is referenced in the Medical Policy. For a determination of the benefits that a Member is entitled to receive under his or her health plan, the Member's health plan must be reviewed. If there is a conflict between the medical policy and a health plan or government program (e.g., TennCare), the express terms of the health plan or government program will govern.

The proposal is to add text/statements in red and to delete text/statements with strikethrough: POLICY

INDICATIONS

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

FDA-Approved Indications

Metastatic Colorectal Cancer (mCRC)

- Avastin, Alymsys, Avzivi, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with intravenous fluorouracil-based chemotherapy, is indicated for the first- or second-line treatment of patients with metastatic colorectal cancer.
- Avastin, Alymsys, Avzivi, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with fluoropyrimidineirinotecan- or fluoropyrimidine-oxaliplatin-based chemotherapy, is indicated for the second-line treatment of patients with metastatic colorectal cancer who have progressed on a first-line bevacizumab productcontaining regimen.

First-Line Non-Squamous Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

Avastin, Alymsys, Avzivi, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel, is indicated for the first-line treatment of patients with unresectable, locally advanced, recurrent or metastatic non–squamous non–small cell lung cancer.

Recurrent Glioblastoma (RGM)

Avastin, Alymsys, Avzivi, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, is indicated for the treatment of recurrent glioblastoma in adults.

Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma (mRCC)

Avastin, Alymsys, Avzivi, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with interferon alfa, is indicated for the treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma.

Persistent, Recurrent, or Metastatic Cervical Cancer

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Avastin, Alymsys, Avzivi, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with paclitaxel and cisplatin or paclitaxel and topotecan, is indicated for the treatment of patients with persistent, recurrent, or metastatic cervical cancer.

Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer

- Avastin, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel, followed by Avastin, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev as a single agent, is indicated for the treatment of patients with stage III or IV epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer following initial surgical resection.
- Avastin, Alymsys, Avzivi, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with paclitaxel, pegylated liposomal doxorubicin, or topotecan, is indicated for the treatment of patients with platinum-resistant recurrent epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer who received no more than 2 prior chemotherapy regimens.
- Avastin, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev, in combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel, or with carboplatin and gemcitabine, followed by Avastin, Jobevne, Mvasi, Vegzelma or Zirabev as a single agent, is indicated for the treatment of patients with platinum-sensitive recurrent epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer.

Hepatocellular Carcinoma

Avastin, in combination with atezolizumab, is indicated for the treatment of patients with unresectable or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) who have not received prior systemic therapy.

Compendial Uses

- Central Nervous System (CNS) Cancers
 - Circumscribed glioma
 - Diffuse high grade and high grade gliomas
 - Glioblastoma
 - IDH mutant astrocytoma (WHO Grade 2, 3, or 4)
 - Oligodendroglioma (WHO Grade 2 or 3)
 - Intracranial and Spinal Ependymoma (excluding subependymoma)
 - Medulloblastoma
 - Primary Central Nervous System Lymphoma
 - Meningiomas
 - Limited and Extensive Brain Metastases
 - Metastatic Spine Tumors
 - Primary Spinal Cord Tumors
- Pleural Mesothelioma, Peritoneal Mesothelioma, Pericardial Mesothelioma, Tunica Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma
- Ovarian Cancer, Fallopian Tube Cancer, Primary Peritoneal Cancer
- Soft Tissue Sarcoma
 - Angiosarcoma
 - Solitary Fibrous Tumor/Hemangiopericytoma
- Uterine Neoplasms/Endometrial Carcinoma
- Vulvar Carcinoma
- Vaginal Cancer
- Cervical Cancer
- Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma
- Ampullary Adenocarcinoma
- Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma
- Anal Adenocarcinoma





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- Renal Cell Carcinoma
- Hepatocellular Carcinoma
- Ophthalmic Disorders
 - Diabetic Macular Edema
 - Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration
 - Macular Edema following Retinal Vein Occlusion
 - Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy
 - Choroidal Neovascularization
 - Neovascular Glaucoma
 - Retinopathy of Prematurity
 - Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

COVERAGE CRITERIA

Ophthalmic Disorders

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of the following retinal disorders:

- Diabetic Macular Edema
- Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration
- Macular Edema following Retinal Vein Occlusion
- Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy
- Choroidal Neovascularization (including myopic choroidal neovascularization, angioid streaks, choroiditis [including choroiditis secondary to ocular histoplasmosis], idiopathic degenerative myopia, retinal dystrophies, rubeosis iridis, pseudoxanthoma elasticum, and trauma)
- Neovascular Glaucoma
- Retinopathy of Prematurity
- Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy

Colorectal Cancer (CRC)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of colorectal cancer, including appendiceal adenocarcinoma and anal adenocarcinoma.

Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of small bowel adenocarcinoma.

Ampullary Adenocarcinoma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of intestinal-type ampullary adenocarcinoma that is progressive, unresectable, or metastatic.

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of recurrent, unresectable, advanced, or metastatic non-squamous NSCLC.

CNS Cancer

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Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of the following types of CNS cancer:

- Circumscribed glioma
- Diffuse high grade and high grade gliomas
- Glioblastoma
- IDH mutant astrocytoma (WHO Grade 2, 3 or 4)
- Oligodendroglioma (WHO Grade 2 or 3)
- Intracranial and Spinal Ependymoma (excludes subependymoma)
- Medulloblastoma
- Primary Central Nervous System Lymphoma
- Meningiomas
- Limited and Extensive Brain Metastases
- Metastatic Spine Tumors
- Primary Spinal Cord Tumors

Ovarian Cancer/Fallopian Tube Cancer/Primary Peritoneal Cancer

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of epithelial ovarian cancer, fallopian tube cancer, primary peritoneal cancer, and malignant sex cord stromal tumors.

Uterine Neoplasms/Endometrial Carcinoma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of progressive, persistent, recurrent, or metastatic uterine neoplasms or endometrial carcinoma.

Cervical Cancer

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of persistent, recurrent, or metastatic cervical cancer.

Vaginal Cancer

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of recurrent or metastatic vaginal cancer.

Renal Cell Carcinoma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of relapsed or stage IV renal cell carcinoma.

Soft Tissue Sarcoma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of angiosarcoma, as single agent therapy.

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of solitary fibrous tumor or hemangiopericytoma, in combination with temozolomide.

Mesothelioma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of pleural mesothelioma, peritoneal mesothelioma, peritoneal mesothelioma, or tunica vaginalis testis mesothelioma when any of the following criteria are met:

 As first-line therapy in combination with pemetrexed and either cisplatin or carboplatin, followed by singleagent maintenance bevacizumab

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 As subsequent therapy in combination with pemetrexed and either cisplatin or carboplatin if immunotherapy was administered as first-line treatment

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of peritoneal mesothelioma, pericardial mesothelioma, or tunica vaginalis testis mesothelioma when used in combination with atezolizumab as subsequent therapy.

Vulvar Carcinoma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of advanced, recurrent, or metastatic vulvar carcinoma, including squamous cell carcinoma and adenocarcinoma.

Hepatocellular Carcinoma

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of unresectable or extrahepatic/ metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma, when the requested medication will be used as initial treatment in combination with atezolizumab.

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for adjuvant treatment of operable hepatocellular carcinoma, when the member is at a high risk of recurrence and the requested medication will be used in combination with atezolizumab.

CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

Ophthalmic Disorders

For ophthalmic disorders, authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization for an indication listed in the coverage criteria section when the member has demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (e.g., improvement or maintenance in best corrected visual acuity [BCVA] or visual field, or a reduction in the rate of vision decline or the risk of more severe vision loss).

All Other Indications

For all other indications, authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization for an indication listed in the coverage criteria section when there is no evidence of unacceptable toxicity or disease progression while on the current regimen.

MEDICATION QUANTITY LIMITS

Drug Name	Diagnosis	Maximum Dosing Regimen
Alymsys	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)		5mg/kg every 2 weeks
		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	Cervical Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)		10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Adenocarcinoma and Anal	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
	Adenocarcinoma	



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Alymsys	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Diabetic Maculai Euema	≥18 year(s)
(Devacizumab-mary)		1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Alymsys	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Tiepatoceilulai Carcillottia	
	Macular Edoma following Dating Voin	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravitreal
Alymsys	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein Occlusion	
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Occiusion	≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and
Alverage	Malianant Dlauval Magathaliana	repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals Route of Administration: Intravenous
Alymsys	Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma,	
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma,	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
	Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica	
Alamana	Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma	Desire of Administration Interesting of
Alymsys	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal	≥18 year(s)
	Neovascularization	1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
		2 Empris the effected ever(a) every 4
		2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
Alama	Nicolar Olevenia (A.P. a.t)	weeks for 3 doses
Alymsys	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct)	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-maly)		≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
	N 0 110 111 0 (110 10)	weeks
Alymsys	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	0 : 5 1 : 5 : 5	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Cancer	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-maly)	1 diypoldal Choroldal Vasculopatily	2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency
(Bevacizarriab-mary)		should not be more frequent than every 4
		weeks
Alymsys	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-maly)		≥18 year(s)
(Bovaoizamab-mary)		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Alymsys(Bevacizumab-	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
maly)	Tional Con Carolilottia	
Alymsys	Retinopathy of Prematurity	10mg/kg every 2 weeks Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Tourispain of Fromaturity	<18 year(s)
(Bovaoizamab-mary)		0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose
Alymsys	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Citiali Dowel Adeliocalciilollia	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
(Devacizumas-mary)		Jilly/ky every 2 weeks
		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	23.1 Floods Carsonia. / Highodi Sonia	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
(Dovaoizamab-mary)		Torriging Overy O Weeks





Alymsys	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Tumor	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Alymsys	Uterine Neoplasms - Endometrial	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	Carcinoma	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	Vaginal Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)	· ·	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Alymsys	Vulvar Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-maly)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	Ampulary Adenocarcinoma	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
(Bevacizumab)		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin	Cervical Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
	Cervical Cancel	
(Bevacizumab)	0110 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1	15mg/kg_every 3 weeks
Avastin	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)		10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	Adenocarcinoma and Anal	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
	Adenocarcinoma	
Avastin	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab)		≥18 year(s)
(Bordolzamas)		1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Avastin	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	Troputocondial Caroliforna	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab)	Occlusion	
(Devacizumab)	Occiusion	≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and
A 4: . (D !	MARIN AND DISCOULANT AND AREA PROPERTY.	repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals
Avastin(Bevacizumab)	Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma,	Route of Administration:
	Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma,	Intravenous15mg/kg every 3 weeks
	Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica	
	Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma	
Avastin	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab)	Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal	≥18 year(s)
	Neovascularization	1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
		2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks for 3 doses
Avastin	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct)	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab)	((ajanot)	≥18 year(s)
(25vaoizamab)		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Avastin	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	Route of Administration: Intravenous
	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancel (NSCLC)	
(Bevacizumab)	Overier Fellonier Driver Deulten od	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	Cancer	10mg/kg every 2 weeks





		<u> </u>
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal 2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency
		should not be more frequent than every 4 weeks
Avastin	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab)		≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Avastin	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)		10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Avastin	Retinopathy of Prematurity	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab)		<18year(s)
A 4!	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose Route of Administration: Intravenous
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
(Devacizumab)		Silig/kg every 2 weeks
		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	· ·	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	Tumor	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Avastin	Uterine Neoplasms - Endometrial	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	Carcinoma	15mg/kg_every 3 weeks
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Vaginal Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
Avastin	Vulvar Carcinoma	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab)	Vulvai Calcinoma	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avzivi(Bevacizumab-	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
tnjn)	The state of the s	5mg/kg every 2 weeks7.5mg/kg every 3
• /		weeks
Avzivi	Cervical Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avzivi	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avzivi	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Adenocarcinoma and Anal	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
	Adenocarcinoma	
Avzivi	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		≥18 year(s)
		1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Avzivi	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avzivi	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Occlusion	≥18 year(s)



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		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and
		repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals
Avzivi	Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma,	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma,	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
(Bevacizamas-trijir)	Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica	Torriging every o weeks
	Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma	
Avzivi	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal	≥18 year(s)
3 /	Neovascularization	1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
		2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks for 3 doses
Avzivi	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct)	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Avzivi	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Overier Fellenier Drivery Deritoreel	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal	
(Devacizumab-uijii)	Cancel	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avzivi	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency
		should not be more frequent than every 4
		weeks
Avzivi	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Avzivi(Bevacizumab-	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
tnjn)	Renal Cell Calcinorna	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Avzivi	Retinopathy of Prematurity	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	realispanty of Frontacting	<18 year(s)
(2010.0.20		0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose
Avzivi	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		5mg/kg every 2 weeks
		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avzivi	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avzivi	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Tumor	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Avzivi	Uterine Neoplasms - Endometrial	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Carcinoma	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
Avzivi	Vaginal Cancer	
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)	Vish on Consiners	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
Avzivi	Vulvar Carcinoma	
(Bevacizumab-tnjn)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks



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Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 5mg/kg every 2 weeks
		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Jobevne	Cervical Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Jobevne	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	one cancer, meaning chemical	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Jobevne	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Adenocarcinoma and Anal	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
3 ,	Adenocarcinoma	
Jobevne	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)		≥18 year(s)
		1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Jobevne	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Jobevne	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Occlusion	≥18 year(s)
(Dovacizamas imga)	Collection	1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and
		repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals
Jobevne(Bevacizumab-	Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma,	Route of Administration:
nwgd)	Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma,	Intravenous15mg/kg every 3 weeks
ilwga)	Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica	Intraversous fortiging every 5 weeks
	Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma	
Jobevne	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal	≥18 year(s)
(Bovadizarriab riviga)	Neovascularization	1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
		2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks for 3 doses
Jobevne	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct)	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)		≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Jobevne	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Jobevne	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Cancer	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
(/ 5.5.2535 /// 94/		
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Jobevne	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	- Tryperam Cherenam Vaccumopanny	2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency
(ani_anian iiiga)		should not be more frequent than every 4
		weeks
Jobevne	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-nwgd)	. Tomorativo Biasono Romopatry	≥18 year(s)
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		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Retinopathy of Prematurity	Route of Administration: Intravitreal <18year(s) 0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose
Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma	7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous Tumor	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous 5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd)	Uterine Neoplasms - Endometrial Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Jobevne (Bevacizumab-nwgd) Jobevne	Vaginal Cancer Vulvar Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-nwgd) Mvasi(Bevacizumab-	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration:
awwb)		Intravenous5mg/kg every 2 weeks7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb) Mvasi	CNS Capper including Clichlestome	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	10mg/kg every 2 weeks 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb)	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma and Anal Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb)	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb)	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb)	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein Occlusion	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb)	Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma, Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma, Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb)	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal Neovascularization	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4



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		weeks
		Weeks
		2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks for 3 doses
Mvasi	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct)	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-awwb)		≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Mvasi	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)	Cancer	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		45 "
	D. I. 11101 1111/	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-awwb)		2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency should not be more frequent than every 4
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mvasi	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-awwb)	Profilerative Diabetic Nethropathy	≥18 year(s)
(Bevacizarriab-awwb)		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Mvasi(Bevacizumab-	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration:
awwb)		Intravenous10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Mvasi	Retinopathy of Prematurity	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-awwb)		<18year(s)
,		0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose
Mvasi	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)		5mg/kg every 2 weeks
		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)	0.67	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)	Tumor	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Mvasi	Uterine Neoplasms - Endometrial	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)	Carcinoma Vaginal Cancer	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-awwb)	Vaginai Cancei	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi	Vulvar Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-awwb)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-adcd)	7 angulary 7 aortosarontonia	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
(==::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma	Cervical Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-adcd)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
•		
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks





Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma and Anal Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein Occlusion	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals
Vegzelma(Bevacizumabadcd)	Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma, Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma, Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal Neovascularization	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks 2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks for 3 doses
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct)	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravitreal 2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency should not be more frequent than every 4 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Retinopathy of Prematurity	Route of Administration: Intravitreal <18year(s) 0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 5mg/kg every 2 weeks





		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous Tumor	Route of Administration: Intravenous 5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Uterine Neoplasms - Endometrial Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Vaginal Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd)	Vulvar Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev(Bevacizumab- bvzr)	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 5mg/kg every 2 weeks7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Cervical Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma and Anal Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein Occlusion	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma, Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma, Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal Neovascularization	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
		2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks for 3 doses
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct)	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks





Zirabev	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Overier Fellonian Britana Beritana al	15mg/kg every 3 weeks Route of Administration: Intravenous
Zirabev	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal	
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Cancer	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
		45
	B 1 11101 1111/	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)		2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency
		should not be more frequent than every 4
		weeks
Zirabev	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)		≥18 year(s)
		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
Zirabev(Bevacizumab-	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
bvzr)		10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Zirabev	Retinopathy of Prematurity	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)		<18year(s)
		0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose
Zirabev	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)		5mg/kg every 2 weeks
		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Tumor	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
Zirabev	Uterine Neoplasms - Endometrial	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)	Carcinoma	15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev	Vaginal Cancer	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Zirabev	Vulvar Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
(Bevacizumab-bvzr)		15mg/kg every 3 weeks

Drug Name	Diagnosis	Maximum Dosing Regimen
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-		5mg/kg every 2 weeks
maly)		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		
awwb)		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-		
tnjn)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-	Ampullary Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
tnjn)		5mg/kg every 2 weeks



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		7.50mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin (Bevacizumab) Alymsys (Bevacizumab- maly) Mvasi (Bevacizumab- awwb) Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd) Zirabev (Bevacizumab- bvzr) Avzivi (Bevacizumab- tnin)	Colorectal Cancer, including Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma and Anal Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks
Avastin (Bevacizumab) Alymsys (Bevacizumab- maly) Mvasi (Bevacizumab- awwb) Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd) Zirabev (Bevacizumab- bvzr) Avzivi (Bevacizumab- tnin)	CNS Cancer, including Glioblastoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 10mg/kg every 2 weeks 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin (Bevacizumab) Alymsys (Bevacizumab- maly) Mvasi (Bevacizumab- awwb) Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd) Zirabev (Bevacizumab- bvzr) Avzivi (Bevacizumab- tnjn)	Gervical Cancer, Hepatocellular Carcinoma, Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma, Malignant Peritoneal Mesothelioma, Pericardial Mesothelioma, or Tunica Vaginalis Testis Mesothelioma, Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC), Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Angiosarcoma, Uterine Neoplasms-Endometrial Carcinoma, Vaginal Cancer, Vulvar Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous 15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin (Bevacizumab) Alymsys (Bevacizumab- maly) Mvasi (Bevacizumab- awwb) Vegzelma (Bevacizumab-adcd) Zirabev (Bevacizumab- bvzr) Avzivi (Bevacizumab- tnjn)	Neovascular Glaucoma (Adjunct), Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 Year(s) 1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks
Myastin (Bevacizumab) Alymsys (Bevacizumab- maly) Mvasi (Bevacizumab- awwb)	Diabetic Macular Edema	Route of Administration: Intravitreal ≥18 year(s) 1.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4 weeks



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1		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-		
tnin)		
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Macular Edema following Retinal Vein	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-	Occlusion	≥18 Year(s)
, ,	Occiusion	
maly)		1.25mg in the affected eye(s) once and
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		repeat at 1 to 3 month intervals
awwb)		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-		
tnin)		
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-	Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal	≥18 Year(s)
maly)	Neovasculization	1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-	14604a36diiZation	weeks
awwb)		2.5mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
,		, , ,
Vegzelma		weeks for 3 doses
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-	Neovascular (wet) Age-Related Macular	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
tnjn)	Degeneration (AMD), Choroidal	≥18 year(s)
	Neovascularization	1.25mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks
		WOORD
		≥18 year(s)
		2.50mg in the affected eye(s) every 4
		weeks for 3 doses
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Ovarian, Fallopian, Primary Peritoneal	Route of Administration: Intravenous
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-	Cancer	10mg/kg every 2 weeks
mály) ``		15mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		
awwb)		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-		
tnjn)		
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-		2.5mg in the affected eye(s); frequency
maly)		should not be more frequent than every 4
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		weeks
		Wooks





Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-		
tnin)		
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Renal Cell Carcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
	Kenar Ger Gareinoma	
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-		10mg/kg every 2 weeks
maly)		
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		
awwb)		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Žirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-		
Avactic (Payacizumah)	Detinemethy of Dramaturity	Doute of Administration, Interditor of
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Retinopathy of Prematurity	Route of Administration: Intravitreal
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-		<18 Year(s)
maly)		0.625mg in the affected eye(s) for 1 dose
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		
awwb)		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-		
tnjn)	On all David Adams and	Desta of Administration Interconnection
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-		5mg/kg every 2 weeks
maly)		7.5mg/kg every 3 weeks
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		
awwb)		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		
Avzivi (Bevacizumab-	Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma	Route of Administration: Intravenous
`	Omaii DOWEI AUTHOGAICHOHIA	
tnjn)		5mg/kg every 2 weeks
		7.50mg/kg every 3 weeks
Avastin (Bevacizumab)	Soft Tissue Sarcoma: Solitary Fibrous	Route of Administration: Intravenous
Alymsys (Bevacizumab-	Tumor	5mg/kg every 2 weeks
maly)		
Mvasi (Bevacizumab-		
awwb)		
Vegzelma		
(Bevacizumab-adcd)		
Zirabev (Bevacizumab-		
bvzr)		





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Avzivi (Bevacizumab-	
tnjn)	

APPLICABLE TENNESSEE STATE MANDATE REQUIREMENTS

BlueCross BlueShield of Tennessee's Medical Policy complies with Tennessee Code Annotated Section 56-7-2352 regarding coverage of off-label indications of Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved drugs when the off-label use is recognized in one of the statutorily recognized standard reference compendia or in the published peer-reviewed medical literature.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For appropriate chemotherapy regimens, dosage information, contraindications, precautions, warnings, and monitoring information, please refer to one of the standard reference compendia (e.g., the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) published by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network®, Drugdex Evaluations of Micromedex Solutions at Truven Health, or The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information).

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EFFECTIVE DATE

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